

Set No : ( 2 )

14P 202 30

Mse. (Ag) - e (340)

Question Booklet No.....

(To be filled up by the candidate by blue/black ball-point pen)

Roll No.

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Roll No.

(Write the digits in words) .....

Serial No. of Answer Sheet .....

Day and Date .....

(Signature of Invigilator)

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

1. Within 10 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall *except the Admit Card without its envelope.*
3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. *It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.*
4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
5. *On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.*
6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and Roll No. and OMR sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
7. Any changes in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. *For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.*
9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
10. *Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed.* If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero marks).
11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this Booklet.
12. Deposit *only the OMR Answer Sheet* at the end of the Test.
13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

[अपूर्वक निर्देश हिन्दी में अन्तिम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं]

Total No. of Printed Pages : 20



No. of Questions : 120

Time : 2 Hours ]

[Full Marks : 360

**Note :** (i) Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries 3 (three) marks. *One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question.*

(ii) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.

1. The Minimum Support Price of any crop is declared :

- (1) After harvesting of the crop
- (2) Before sowing of the crop
- (3) Before harvesting of the crop
- (4) After sowing of the crop

2. C.A.C.P stands for :

- (1) Commission for agricultural costs and prices
- (2) Centre for agricultural costs and prices
- (3) Cost of agricultural common products
- (4) Contract for agricultural commodity purchase

3. The cost incurred in growing a crop in a hectare is known as

- |                        |                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Cost of production | (2) Cost of cultivation |
| (3) Fixed cost         | (4) Cost of farming     |

( 1 )

( Turn Over )

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4. Which one is not the characteristic of perfect competitive market ?
- (1) Many sellers (2) Free entry and exit  
(3) Few buyers (4) Homogenous product
5. The share of agriculture in National Income is between :
- (1) 9 to 14 % (2) 22 to 27 % (3) 17 to 21 % (4) 31 to 35%
6. When average product is greater than marginal product, the elasticity of production is :
- (1) One (2) Less than one  
(3) More than one (4) Zero
7. The production function  $Y = aX^b$  is ..... production function.
- (1) Linear (2) Cubic (3) Log linear (4) Quadratic
8. Which one is not the type of farming ?
- (1) Specialised farming (2) Mixed farming  
(3) Diversified farming (4) Cooperative farming
9. The Regional Rural Bank was established in the year :
- (1) 1955 (2) 1975 (3) 1965 (4) 1985
10. The price elasticity of demand for salt is ..... than fruits.
- (1) More (2) Twice (3) Less (4) Four times

11. A line passing through least cost points on isoquant map is called.
- (1) Ridge line (2) Price line  
(3) Expansion path (4) Isocost line
12. There are ..... stages of production.
- (1) 1 (2) 3 (3) 2 (4) 4
13. Many insects undergo aestivation in response to :
- (1) Low temperature (2) Darkness  
(3) High temperature (4) High humidity
14. Which one of the following honey bee species is of foreign origin :
- (1) *Apis dorsata* Fab. (2) *Apis indica* Fab.  
(3) *Apis mellifera* Linn. (4) *Apis florea* Fab.
15. 'Silver shoots' in paddy are caused by :
- (1) Rice hispa (2) Planthopper (3) Gall midge (4) Case worm
16. Thrips belong to the order :
- (1) Psocoptera (2) Neuroptera  
(3) Strepsiptera (4) Thysanoptera
17. The gram cutworm is active during :
- (1) Summer (2) Spring (3) Winter (4) Monsoon
- ( 3 ) ( Turn Over )

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18. Holometabolous development occurs in :

- (1) Butterfly      (2) Dragonfly      (3) Grasshopper      (4) Mealybug

19. Which one of the following insect pathogens is highly host specific :

- (1) *Beauveria bassiana*                      (2) *Bacillus thuringiensis*  
(3) Nuclear polyhedrosis virus              (4) Dutky nematode

20. 'Sooty mold' develops on the leaves and panicles of mango due to the infestation of :

- (1) Bark borer      (2) Gall midge      (3) Leaf hopper      (4) Stem borer

21. Parthenogenetic mode of reproduction commonly takes place in :

- (1) Beetles      (2) Firefly      (3) Aphids      (4) Sawfly

22. Majority of egg parasitoids belong to the insect order :

- (1) Strepsiptera      (2) Lepidoptera      (3) Diptera      (4) Hymenoptera

23. The larvae of the following insects are apodous :

- (1) Whitefly      (2) Butterfly      (3) Fruit fly      (4) Dragonfly

24. Which one of the following is the largest insect order ?

- (1) Lepidoptera      (2) Coleoptera      (3) Hymenoptera      (4) Hemiptera

25. Plant breeding method generally used to improve a well adapted variety for specific trait :
- (1) Pedigree (2) Bulk  
 (3) Back cross (4) Pure line selection
26. Which breeding method is not appropriate for cross pollinated crops ?
- (1) Mass selection (2) Pureline selection  
 (3) Back cross method (4) Heterosis breeding
27. Self pollinated species are also known as :
- (1) Allogamous (2) Cleistogamous  
 (3) Autogamous (4) Chasmogamous
28. Parent used only once in back cross breeding method is called
- (1) Recurrent  (2) Donor (3) Male (4) Female
29. Somatic hybridisation is achieved through
- (1) Grafting (2) Consugation  
 (3) Protoplast fusion (4) Recombinant DNA technology
30. The quickest method of plant breeding is
- (1) Selection (2) Hybridisation  
 (3) Introduction (4) Mutation breeding

31. Polyploidy in plants is induced through

- (1) Irradiation
- (2) Mutagenic chemicals
- (3) Ethylene
- (4) Colchicine

32. Hexaploid wheats (*Triticum aestivum*) have how many chromosomes in their vegetative part cells ?

- (1) 46
- (2) 48
- (3) 42
- (4) 54

33. A trait that only occurs in one gender is called a

- (1) Generic trait
- (2) Recessive trait
- (3) Sex limited trait
- (4) Non sexual trait

34. Sex cells have

- (1) The same number of chromosomes as body cells
- (2) Half as many chromosome as body cells
- (3) One quarter as many chromosomes as body cells
- (4) Twice as many chromosomes as body cells

35. The backbones of the DNA double helix are made of

- (1) Amino acids
- (2) Lipids
- (3) Sugars and phosphates
- (4) RNA

36. A haploid cell contains

- (1) Damaged chromosomes
- (2) Only half the full complement of chromosomes
- (3) The usual complement of chromosomes
- (4) Twice the full complement of chromosomes

37. The protective covering of sterile hyphae around an ascocarp is termed as :  
 (1) Periderm    ✓(2) Peridium    (3) Epiderm    (4) Appendages
38. In *Agaricus* the fruiting body is made up of :  
 ✓(1) Tertiary mycelium    (2) Secondary mycelium  
 (3) Primary mycelium    (4) Diploid mycelium
39. The Molya disease of wheat is caused by :  
 (1) *Heterodera avenae*    (2) *Anguina tritici*  
 (3) *Rotylenchus robustus*    (4) *Pratylenchus penetrans*
40. 'Black heart' is a physiological disorder of :  
 (1) Tomato    (2) Chilli    (3) Cabbage    (4) Potato
41. *Tilletia* causes the disease :  
 (1) Rust    (2) Bunt    (3) Smut    (4) Karnal Bunt
42. Who proposed a classification of fungi which is now widely accepted :  
 (1) Whittaker (1969)    (2) Walker (1957)  
 (3) Stakman and Harrar (1957)    (4) Ainsworth (1973)
43. Leaf curl of tobacco is caused by :  
 (1) Nicotina virus Ca-1    (2) Nicotina virus-10  
 (3) MLO's    (4) Varied

44. A virus infecting a bacterium is :
- (1) Plasmid (2) Bacteriophage  
(3) Bacterial DNA (4) Bacterial RNA
45. 'Tikka' disease is associated with :
- (1) Wheat crop (2) Tobacco crop  
(3) Groundnut crop (4) Sugarcane crop
46. Karnal bunt of wheat gives foul smell in the field due to presence of volatile compound :
- (1) Tetramethyl amine (2) Trimethyl amine  
(3) Diallyl propyl sulphide (4) Allyl propyl disulphide
- ✓ 47. Khaira disease of rice is due to the deficiency of :
- (1) Zinc (2) Molybdenum (3) Copper (4) Iron
48. Which of the following disease was responsible for the Irish famine of 1845 ?
- (1) Black rust of wheat (2) Early blight of potato  
(3) White rust of mustard (4) Late blight of potato
- ✓ 49. "Bhat" soils of Uttar Pradesh possess soft lime (as free  $\text{CaCO}_3$ %) in subsoils to an extent of
- (1) 1-5% (2) 15-20% (3) 30-40% (4) 60-70%

50. Total degraded land area (mha) in India is

- (1) 110.8            (2) 127.3            (3) 152.4            (4) 187.8

51. Tensiometers measure soil moisture tension (bar) only up to

- (1) 30.0            (2) 15.0            (3) 0.85            (4) 0.33

52. Potassium ( $K^+$ ) is present in crop plants as

- (1) Cell wall            (2) Cell Sap            (3) Mitochondria            (4) Nucleus

53. Biurate content in urea is permissible only to an extent of

- (1) 1.5%            (2) 2.0%            (3) 3.0%            (4) 4.0%

54. Which phosphate compound is present in Single Super phosphate ?

- (1)  $CaHPO_4$             (2)  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$             (3)  $Ca(H_2PO_4)_2$             (4)  $H_3PO_4$

55. Boron functions in plants in

- (1) N-fixation            (2)  $NO_3^-$  reduction  
(3) Fatty-acid synthesis            (4) Sugar translocation

56. Which nitrifying bacteria oxidises Nitrite ( $NO_2^-$ ) to Nitrate ( $NO_3^-$ ) in soils

- (1) *Nitrosomonas*            (2) *Nitrobacter*  
(3) *Nitrospira*            (4) *Nitrospina*

57. The chemical formula of the liming compound "Dolomite" is

- (1)  $\text{CaCO}_3$       (2)  $\text{MgCO}_3$       (3)  $\text{CaMg}(\text{CO}_3)_2$       (4)  $\text{CaO}$

58. Among various classes of salt affected soils, the most permeable one is

- (1) Saline      (2) Saline Sodic  
(3) Non-Saline Sodic      (4) Degraded Sodic

59. Clay mineral illite has C.E.C. [ $\text{cmol. (p}^+)\text{kg}^{-1}$ ] values ranging between

- (1) 3-15      (2) 20-40      (3) 50-80      (4) 80-120

60. Which one is a sedimentary rock ?

- (1) Sandstone      (2) Basalt      (3) Quartzite      (4) Diorite

61. Acid Growth Theory explains the mechanism of action of

- (1) Auxin      (2) Gibberellin      (3) Cytokinin      (4) Ethylene

62. Which of the following is a non climacteric fruit ?

- (1) Banana      (2) Jackfruit      (3) Apple      (4) Grapes

63. The  $\text{CO}_2$  concentration in the atmosphere presently is around :

- (1) 0.37 %      (2) 0.037 %      (3) 0.0037 %      (4) 0.00037 %

64. Which cell organelle is not involved in photorespiratory process directly ?

- (1) Chloroplast      (2) Peroxisome  
(3) Mitochondria      (4) Ribosomes

65. Which pigment is involved in flowering of plants ?
- (1) Cytochrome (2) Plastochrome  
(3) Phytochrome (4) Photochrome
66. Who proposed the chemiosmotic theory of ATP synthesis ?
- (1) Hans Krebs (2) Mitchell (3) Calvin (4) Huber
67. Identify the substrate if the respiratory quotient is 1.
- (1) Oleic acid (2) Casein (3) Citric acid (4) Glucose
68. Which of the following is a pentose sugar ?
- (1) Erythrose phosphate (2) Fructose phosphate  
(3) Xylulose phosphate (4) Sedoheptulose phosphate
69. Identify the element associated with nitrate reduction.
- (1) Zn (2) K (3) Mo (4) Ca
70. Which of the following is abiotic stress hormone ?
- (1) Phaseic acid (2) Absciscic acid  
(3) Gibberellic acid (4) Nephthalin acetic acid
71. Identify the plant hormone involved in Apical Dominance.
- (1) Absciscic acid (2) Gibberellic acid  
(3) Ethylene (4) Indoleacetic acid

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**72. Which of the following cell organelle is involved in storage of oil in seed ?**

- (1) Lysosome
- (2) Glyoxysome
- (3) Polysome
- (4) Peroxisome

**73. Currently most commonly used packaging material in India is :**

- (1) Bottle
- (2) Carton
- (3) Pouch
- (4) Tetrapak

**74. Oxidized flavour development is catalyzed by :**

- (1) Riboflavin
- (2) Vitamin C
- (3) Manganese
- (4) Copper

**75. Lactose can be prepared from :**

- (1) Sugarcane
- (2) Sugarbeet
- (3) Milk
- (4) Soy milk

**76. National Dairy Development Board (NDDB) was established with the objective of taking up the activity of :**

- (1) Dairy research
- (2) Dairy education
- (3) Dairy Development
- (4) Dairy extension

**77. As per PFA rules fat content in skim milk should be :**

- (1) Not less than 0.25%
- (2) Not more than 0.25%
- (3) Not more than 0.5%
- (4) Not less than 0.5%

78. The highest heat transfer value is in :
- (1) Aluminium (2) Copper  
(3) Stainless steel (4) Glass
79. In HTST pasteurization milk is heated to at least :
- (1) 63 °C (2) 71.5 °C (3) 75.5 °C (4) 80 °C
80. The time-temperature combination for proper pasteurization should be such that it gives a negative test for :
- (1) Acid phosphatase (2) Alkaline phosphatase  
(3) Both alkaline and acid phosphatase (4) Lactoperoxidase
81. The antioxidants in ghee can be added at the rate of :
- (1) 0.01 % (2) 0.02 % (3) 0.03 % (4) Not allowed
82. The optimum temperature for the growth of mesophilic bacteria is :
- (1) 20 °C - 22 °C (2) 30 °C - 32 °C  
(3) 40 °C - 42 °C (4) 50 °C - 52 °C
83. The overrun in ice cream is
- (1) 75 % (2) 50 % (3) 125 % (4) 100 %
84. The normal titratable acidity in fresh cow milk is :
- (1) 0.17 % (2) 0.21 %  
(3) 0.15 % (4) None of these (1)

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85. The plant component broken first on addition in soil is

- (1) Cellulose (2) Hemicellulose  
(3) Proteins (4) Lignin

86. Which one is organic nitrogenous fertilizer ?

- (1) Ammonium sulphate (2) Urea  
(3) Calcium Ammonium Nitrate (4) Ammonium Chloride

87. Rhizobium strain suitable for inoculation of berseem seeds is

- (1) R. trifolii (2) R. Japonicum  
(3) R. meliloti (4) R. leguminosarum

88. Cropping system now popular in irrigated north Indian states is

- (1) Paddy-Mustard (2) Paddy-Wheat  
(3) Maize-Wheat-Green gram (4) Paddy-Potato

89. C/N ratio of stable soil O/M is about

- (1) 30 : 1 (2) 20 : 1 (3) 10 : 1 (4) 25 : 1

90. Nutrient ion liable to be fixed in 2 : 1 clay mineral is

- (1)  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$  (2)  $\text{Fe}^{++}$  (3)  $\text{NH}_4^+$  (4)  $\text{Zn}^{++}$

91. Best method of irrigation in potato crop is

- (1) Border strip (2) Flooding  
(3) Furrow (4) Basin, method

92. Most effective weedicide as pre-emergence weedcontrol in maize crops is :

- (1) Butachlor (2) Simazine  
(3) Isoproturon (4) 2, 4-D

93. Zinc is absorbed by the plant from the soil in the ionic form

- (1) Zn (2)  $Zn^{+++}$  (3)  $Zn^{++}$  (4) ZnO

94. Optimum temperature for normal wheat sowing is :

- (1) 15 °C - 20 °C (2) 20 °C - 25 °C  
(3) 30 °C - 35 °C (4) 25 °C - 30 °C

95. Which one is a  $C_4$  crop Plant ?

- (1) Pigeonpea (2) Wheat  
(3) Sugarcane (4) Mustard

96. Organic matter content in most Indian soils range between

- (1) 0.5-2 (2) 3-4  
(3) 0.2-0.4 (4) 5-6, percent on dry basis

97. e-extension is best suited for

- (1) adoption of innovations  
(2) dissemination of information  
(3) exchange of opinions  
(4) crop husbandry only

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**98. Lab to land project advocate by**

- (1) UNO                      (2) World Bank      (3) ICAR                      (4) CSIR

**99. If rural people organize themselves into cooperatives, the task of agricultural extension.**

- (1) will become more difficult  
(2) will become easier  
(3) will be easy in marketing, but more difficult in other areas of agriculture  
(4) will be no different than otherwise

**100. Use of the Kisan Call Centre shows**

- (1) that the farmer wants information about the technology.  
(2) the farmer wants to pass the time somehow.  
(3) the Govt. has enough money so it can waste a little.  
(4) the farmer is not bothered about actual advances in science and technology.

**101. A better criterion of evaluating extension work is**

- (1) the total crop yields in the village.  
(2) the total additional income generated in the village.  
(3) the increase in the number of wine/liquor shops in the village.  
(4) the improvement in the socio-economic status of the villagers.

**102. Most of our farmers are illiterate or nearly so. Therefore, (choose the best alternative):**

- (1) Extension education is not useful for them.  
(2) Extension education is a useful means of educating them.  
(3) They cannot understand the difficult lessons of science.  
(4) Agricultural research cannot be of great use to them.

103. Choose the most *correct* statement :

- (1) Research work is not dependent upon extension work.
- (2) Extension work is not dependent upon research work.
- (3) Extension work is dependent upon research work.
- (4) Research work and extension work are interdependent.

104. The following crops are suitable for extension education :

- (1) Cash crops only
- (2) Wheat only
- (3) All types of crops
- (4) Fruit crops only

105. Choose the most *correct* statement :

- (1) People are creatures of habit and habits die hard regardless of any amount of education.
- (2) Constantly mildly educating the farmers can bring about behavioural change.
- (3) The cost and efforts involved in educating farmers is not justified by the results.
- (4) Extension education is only a wastage of time and resources.

106. Extension education is a

- (1) physical science
- (2) social science
- (3) biological science
- (4) mathematical science

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**107. Result demonstration is suited for**

- (1) only fertilizer applications
- (2) fertilizer and pesticide applications only
- (3) nutritional trials in home science only
- (4) all cases where we wish to show the results of recommended technologies in the farmer's situation.

**108. The best extension method is**

- (1) individual contact
- (2) group contact
- (3) mass contact
- (4) dependent upon the situation and the subject-matter

**109. Which one of the following is known as "Queen of Flowers" ?**

- |              |                   |
|--------------|-------------------|
| (1) Rose     | (2) Tuberose      |
| (3) Marigold | (4) Chrysanthemum |

**110. Which one of the following is a mutant variety of Papaya ?**

- |                  |                     |
|------------------|---------------------|
| (1) Co-2         | (2) Pusa Nanha      |
| (3) Pusa Majesty | (4) Coorg Honey Dew |

**111. Most serious pest of Mango is**

- |                  |             |
|------------------|-------------|
| (1) Aphid        | (2) Jassid  |
| (3) Mango hopper | (4) Termite |

112. Which of the following is a dioecious vegetable crops ?

- (1) Pumpkin (2) Pointedgourd  
(3) Spongegourd (4) Ridgegourd

113. Whiptail disorder is found in

- (1) Cauliflower (2) Cabbage (3) Onion (4) Knol khol

114. Requirement of fruit per capita per day is

- (1) 100g (2) 150g (3) 120g (4) 200g

115. Where does India rank in production of vegetables in the world ?

- (1) First (2) Second (3) Third (4) Fourth

116. Which one of the following is known as "Poor Man's Apple" ?

- (1) Mango (2) Litchi (3) Ber (4) Banana

117. Yellow colour of Papaya is due to :

- (1) Papain (2) Lycopene (3) Caricaxanthin (4) Carotene

118. Pressure Tester is used for

- (1) Maturity (2) Ripening  
(3) Handling (4) Grading

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**119. Waxing enhances the shelf life of fruits because it checks**

(1) Transpiration

(2) Respiration

(3) Ripening

(4) Transpiration & Respiration

**120. Which one of the following is richest source of vitamin 'A' ?**

(1) Apple

(2) Mango

(3) Papaya

(4) Guava



## अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली / काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

1. प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 10 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख ले कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
2. परीक्षा भवन में लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
3. उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा। केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
4. अपना अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
5. उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ- जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
6. ओ. एम. आर. पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या और ओ. एम. आर. पत्र संख्या की प्रविष्टियों में उपरिलेखन की अनुमति नहीं है।
7. उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
9. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
11. रफ कार्य के लिये इस पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अंदर वाला पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम खाली पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
12. परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ. एम. आर. उत्तर-पत्र ही परीक्षा भवन में जमा करें।
13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमति नहीं होगी।
14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की भागी होगा/होगी।