RET/15/Test B



741

Agronomy

101

Question Booklet No.

(To be filled up by the candidate by **blue/black ball-point pen**)

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Roll No.					,			
Roll No.	(Write the	e digits in	words)			 		
Serial No	o. of OMR	Answer S	heet	•••••	**********	 		
Day and	Date		•••••••			 (Signatur	e of Invigila	itor)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sneet)

- 1. Within 10 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, Please ensure that you have got the correct booklet and it contains all the pages in correct sequence and no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet, bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- 3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided.
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- 6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and Roll No. and OMR sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
- 7. Any changes in the aforesaid-entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
- 8. This Booklet contains 40 multiple choice questions followed by 10 short answer questions. For each MCQ, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet. For answering any five short Answer Questions use five Blank pages attached at the end of this Question Booklet.
- 9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded
- 11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end
- 12. Deposit both OMR Answer Sheet and Question Booklet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not p
 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such

FOR ROUGH WARK

Research Entrance Test - 2015

No. of Questions: 50

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 200

Note: (i) This Question Booklet contains 40 Multiple Choice Questions followed by 10 Short Answer Questions.

- (ii) Attempt as many MCQs as you can. Each MCQ carries 3 (Three) marks. 1 (One) mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question. If more than one alternative answers of MCQs seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.
- (iii) Answer only 5 Short Answer Questions. Each question carries 16 (Sixteen) marks and should be answered in 150-200 words. Blank 5 (Five) pages attached with this booklet shall only be used for the purpose. Answer each question on separate page, after writing Question No.

1.	"Fluid mosaic mode (1) Cell wall (3) Plasma membra	el" relates to the struc	(2)	of : Protoplasm Nucleic acid	
2.	Spongy tissue of ma	ango is a :			
	(1) Bacterial diseas	e	(2)	Physiological d	isease
	(3) Viral disease		(4)	Fungal disease	
3.	A purpose of initial	ing a conscious and	purp	poseful action is	called:
	(1) Education	(2) Motivation		Action	(4) Coordination
4.	Yellow colour of eg	g is due to :			
	(1) Carotene	(2) Xanthophyll	(3)	Anthocyanin	(4) Vitamin B
5.	During prophase-I	of meiosis crossing (over	occurs at:	
	(1) Zygotene	(2) Pachytene		Diplotene	(4) Diakinesis
6.	In which crop the useful?	use of Blue-Green	Alş	gae as a bio-fer	tilizer will be most
	(1) Maize	(2) Potato	(3)	Rice	(4) Sugarcane
7.	Lycopene pigment	is present in:			· 8
	(1) Beetroot	(2) Tomato	(3)	Radish	(4) Chilli
8.	Ooze test is done to	o detect :			
To	(1) Bacterial disea	se	(2)	Fungal disease	e
	(3) Viral disease		(4)	All of these	
	ar of chrome	osome in wheat end	ospe	rm is:	
9.		(2) 42	(3) 63	(4) 14
	(1) 21	(2) 12		* 18.0f	
10	Acridine orange i	s used for inducing:			
10.	(1) DNA denatur	ration	(2	. n 1 tus	1 2:
	(3) Chiasma forr	nation	(4	Bacterial tran	sauction
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1	11. Green Revolution has been most succ	cessful in :	
	(l) Wheat and Potato	(2) Wheat and R	ice
	(3) Wheat and Barley	(4) Wheat and C	
1:	2. A short duration crop in between two	main crops is terme	d as :
	(1) Cash crop	(2) Catch crop	a as .
	(3) Relay Cropping	(4) Companion c	rop
13	In conservation agriculture practice p usually		
	(1) 15% (2) 80%	(3) 30-40%	(4) None of these
14	BPT 5204 is popular variety of		
	(1) Pigeon pea (2) Wheat	(3) Rice	(4) Gram
15.	my contended bloMAL contains	the spores of :	
	(1) Phytophthora (2) Cooletotrichur	n (3) Puccinia	(4) Cercospor
16.			(-) vereespor
	(1) Sesame (2) Sorghum	(3) Cotton	(4) Tobacco
17.	The synthesis of aromatic amino acids is	s inhihited by	
	(1) Glufosinate (2) Atrazine		(4) (2)
18.	An increase in soil organic matter:	(3) Pendimethalin	(4) Glyphosate
	(1) Increases herbicides application rate		
	(2) Decreases herbicide application rate		
	(3) Both increases and decreases herbicio	de application rate	
	(4) No change in application rate		~
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19.	Enzyme Cytochromev P-450 mono-oxy	genages detoxify herb (3) Atrazine	vicide : (4) Dicamba
	(1) 2, 4 - D (2) Isoproturon	(3) Attazine	
20.	Irrigation method suitable for undulati	ng topography is:	
20.	(1) Border irrigation	(2) Drip irrigation	
	(3) Sprinkler irrigation	(4) Cablegation	
. 04	Rapid means of in-situ measurement o	of soil moisture is mad	e through:
21.	(1) Alcohol burning method	(2) Neutron probe	
	(3) Tensiometer	(4) Oven dry meth	od
22.	· 6 freedom required	d to detect the given d	ifference at 5% level
22.	of significance is:	(3) 15	(4) 20
		Lavilling point under	field condition is:
23		(3) Groundnut	(4) Sunflower
	(1) Paddy (2) Wheat	(3) Ground	
24	4. At field capacity:		
-	(1) All macropores and micropores	are filled with water	
	1	are filled with an	and filled with air
	0.11 1 - Lb X47	rator and muciopostes	filed with water
	(4) All macropores are filled with a	II alia n	
	25. If the field capacity is 18% and p	ermanent wilting poi	nt is 6% then 50% of
2	available soil moisture will be	(3) 10%	(4) 14%
	(1) 6% (2) 676	M/CPE ratio with 60 1	nm depth, it should be
	(1) 6%26. If a crop is to be irrigated at 0.75 If irrigated after:(2) 70 mm CF	CDE	(4) 80 mm CPE
	(1) 60 mm CPE (2) 70 mm CPE	(4)	
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27.	. The nutrient element absorb	oed both in anion	nic and cationic f	orms by plant is:
	(1) Molybdenum (2) Box		Nitrogen	(4) Phosphorus
28.	In acid soils, the breakdowr	of proteins is in	nitiated by :	
	(1) Bacteria		Fungi	
	(3) Actinomycetes		Algae	
29.	Which of the following clay	minerals has ma	ximum 'Cation I	Exchange Capacity'
	(1) Illite		Kaolinite	enturing Cupucity
	(3) Montmorillonite	202000	Vermiculite	,
30.	Under optimum manageme phosphatic fertilizers is:	nt condition, the	e nutrient use ef	ficiency of applied
	(1) 10-15%	(2)	15-20%	
	(3) 20-25%		25-30%	
31.	In rice field BGA is applied a	s dried flakes at	the rate of :	
	(1) 10kg/ha		20kg/ha	
	(3) 30kg/ha	(4)	10kg/ha	
<i>32</i> .	Gypsum application to groun	dnut is recomm	ended at floweri	no al
	(1) Sulphur plays important	role in oil synthe	esis	ing stage because :
	(2) Developing pegs require	higher concentra	ation of sulphane	•==:
	(3) Calcium is immobile in pl	ants	don of sulphur i	n soil
	(4) Residual effect of gypsum	can be exploited	d well in succeed	ing con
	'Stable soil aggregates' are form			всор
	(1) Mg ++	(2) C		
	(3) K+	(4) A		
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34. Structure used to measure the water fla(1) Parshall flume(3) V notch	ow from the pipe is (2) Cut-throat flume (4) Venturi meter
35. Average weight of 1 acre furrow slice(1) 3 m 1bs(3) 3.54 m lbs	(2) 1.5 m lbs(4) 2 m lbs
36. At a pH of 6, there is	(2) 0.000001g (4) 0.000010g
37. Error degree of freedom for 7 treatments(1) 20(3) 30	ents laid out in a latin square design (LSD) (2) 36 (4) 42
38. National Rice Research Institute is si(1) Hyderabad(3) Cuttack	(2) Karnal(4) Coimbatore
is approximately: (1) 1.5 cm/min (3) 2.5 cm/min	(2) 3.0 cm/min (4) 4.5 cm/min
40. Generally ultra -narrow row (UNR)(1) early germination(3) late fruiting	(2) more vegetative growth(4) early fruiting and growth control
RET/15/Test B/741	(6)

Attempt any five questions. Write answer in 150-200 words. Each question carries 16 marks. Answer each question on separate page, after writing Question Number.

- Discuss the modern concept of tillage. Briefly discuss its components and importance in present day agriculture
- 2. What are the natural resources? Briefly explain the concept of natural resource management and resource use efficient technologies
- **3.** Differentiate between mode of action and mechanism of action of herbicides. How herbicides affect photosynthesis and cell division? Discuss with examples.
- **4.** What are different approaches in biological weed control ? Explain the advantages and limitations of biological weed control in crops.
- Explain Volatilization loss of nitrogen in soil, factors affecting it and suggest the measure to reduce the loss
- **6.** Briefly describe the importance of "integrated nutrient management' under present agricultural scenario of the country.
- **7.** What do you mean by quality of irrigation water? Suggest appropriate measures to improve the quality of irrigation water for safe use in crops.
- **8.** Discuss different components of water requirement of rice crop. Suggest suitable measures to reduce water losses from rice fields.
- **9.** What is synergism? Do irrigation and fertilizer have synergistic effects on crop yield? Explain.
- 10. What is experimental error? Give a brief account of the importance of blocking technique in designing an experiment.

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