# RET/15/Test B

748

#### Mycology & Plant Pathology

80

Question Booklet No. ....

	(To be filled up	by the candidate by	y blue/black ball-point pen)
Roll No.			
Roll No. (Wri	ite the digits in w	ords)	
	OMR Answer Sh		
Day and Date	e		***************************************
			(Signature of Invigilator)

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

- 1. Within 10 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, Please ensure that you have got the correct booklet and it contains all the pages in correct sequence and no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet, bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- 3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- 6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and Roll No. and OMR sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
- 7. Any changes in the aforesaid-entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be
- 8. This Booklet contains 40 multiple choice questions followed by 10 short answer questions. For each MCQ, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet. For answering any five short Answer Questions use five Blank pages attached at the end of this Question Booklet.
- 9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded
- 11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end
- 12. Deposit both OMR Answer Sheet and Question Booklet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

Sare!

### FOR ROUGH WORK



## Research Entrance Test - 2015

No. of Questions: 50

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 200

Note: (i) This Question Booklet contains 40 Multiple Choice Questions followed by 10 Short Answer Questions.

- (ii) Attempt as many MCQs as you can. Each MCQ carries 3 (Three) marks. 1 (One) mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question. If more than one alternative answers of MCQs seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.
- (iii) Answer only 5 Short Answer Questions. Each question carries 16 (Sixteen) marks and should be answered in 150-200 words. Blank 5 (Five) pages attached with this booklet shall only be used for the purpose. Answer each question on separate page, after writing Question No.

lycol	ogy and Plant Pathology	Code No. : 748	3
1.	"Fluid mosaic model" relates to the stru		
	(1) Cell wall	<ul><li>(2) Protoplasm</li><li>(4) Nucleic acid</li></ul>	
	(3) Plasma membrane	(4) Nucleic acid	
2.	Spongy tissue of mango is a:	(2) Physiological disease	
	(1) Bacterial disease	(4) Fungal disease	
080	(3) Viral disease		
3.	A purpose of initiating a conscious an	(2) Motivation	
	(1) Education	(4) Coordination	
	(3) Action	(4) Coolain	
4.	Yellow colour of egg is due to:	(2) Vanthanhyll	
	(1) Carotene	(2) Xanthophyll	
	(3) Anthocyanin	(4) Vitamin B	
5.	During prophase-I of meiosis crossing	ng over occurs at :	
	(1) Zygotene (2) Pachytene	(3) Diplotene (4) Diakinesis	
6.	In which crop the use of Blue-Gree	een Algae as a bio-fertilizer will be mos	Ĺ
	useful?		
	(1) Maize (2) Potato	(3) Rice (4) Sugarcane	
7.	Lycopene pigment is present in:	(A) C1 '11:	
	(1) Beetroot (2) Tomato	(3) Radish (4) Chilli	
_	a sent is done to detect:		
8		(2) Fungal disease	
	(1) Bacterial disease	(4) All of these	
	(3) Viral disease	(# - MC)	
ç	Number of chromosome in wheat er	(3) 63 (4) 14	
•	(2) 42	(3) 00	
630	e corange is used for inducing	ng:	
1	O. Actione orange  (I) DNA denaturation  (I) DNA denaturation		
	(l) Divi	(4) Bacterial transduction	

(3) Chiasala formation

11	1. Which of the following is <i>not</i> a systemic fungicide?				
	(1) Dithane M-45 (2) Vitava				
12	12. Which one of the following is not a Basidiomycetes?				
	(1) Poluporus frondosus	(2) Ustilago nuda			
	(3) Chaetomium globosum	(4) Puccinia graminis f. sp. tritici			
13	Which of the following Ascomycetes does not possess mycelium?				
	(1) Blumeria graminis	(2) Erysiphe cichoracearum			
	(3) Glomerella tucumanensis	(4) Saccharomyces cerevisiae			
14	Which one of the following is $n$	ot a downy mildew fungus?			
	(1) Bremia lectuca	(2) Uncinula necator			
	(3) Sclerospora graminocola	(4) Plasmopara viticola			
15	. Which of the following fungicid	le is widely recommended for seed treatment?			
	(1) Copperoxychloride	(2) Dithane Z-78			
	(3) Thiram	(4) Sulfex			
16.	The perfect stage of Rhizoctonia s	Solani is			
	(1) Thanatephorus cucumeris	(2) Corticium rolfsii			
	(3) Hypocrea rufa				
17.	Which one of the following is no	(4) Emericella nidulans t a viroid disease ?			
	(1) Coconut Cadang - Cadang	(2) Potato Spindle Tuber			
	(3) Citrus Greening				
18.	Bordeaux mixture was discovered	(4) Citrus Exocortis			
	(1) Robert Koch	(2) Anton de Bary			
	(3) Pierre M. Millardet	(4) Adolf Mayer			
19.	Cleistothecia is produced in	(3) Littinger			
	(1) Ascomycetes	(2) Basidiomycetes			
	(3) Zygomycetes	(4) Oomycetes			
DETHER DIAN					
עבויוף	/Test B/748	(3)			

20.	Pinwheel inclusion bodies are formed i	n	
	(1) Tobacco Mosaic Virus	(2) Reovirus	
	(3) Caulimovirus	(4) Poty Virus	
21.	The colour of Tag used for production	of foundation seed	
	(1) Golden Yellow	(2) Red Colour	
	(3) White Colour	(4) Blue Colour	
22.	Badana virus is  (1) Bacilliform dsDNA virus	<ul><li>(2) Bacilliform ssRNA virus</li><li>(4) Isometric dsRNA virus</li></ul>	
	(3) Rigid rod ssRNA virus  ISTA stands for		
23.	<ol> <li>Indian Seed Testing Association</li> <li>International Seed Testing Association</li> <li>Internal Seed Testing Association</li> </ol>		
	(4) International Seed Terminology A		
24.	- 1 Construct practice		
£7.	(1) Soil fumigation	(2) Seed treatment	
	(3) Crop rotation	(4) Foliar application	
25 26	<ol> <li>Aflatoxin is produced by</li> <li>Albugo candida</li> <li>Trichoderma harzianum</li> <li>Black rot of crucifers is caused by</li> <li>Ralstonia solanacearum</li> <li>Xanthomonas campestris pv. camp</li> <li>Erwinia carotovora subsp. atrosept</li> </ol>	(2) Aspergillus flavus (4) Ceratocystis ulmi estris	
(4) Pseudomonas fluorescens			
R		(4)	

RET/1	5/Test B/748 (5)			
	(3) Cucumber Mosaic Virus	(4) Yellow Vein Mosaic of Okra		
	(1) Tobacco Mosaic Virus	(2) Potato Leaf Roll Virus		
34.	4. Which one of the following virus disease is <i>not</i> transmitted by sap?			
	(3) Resistance gene	(4) All the above		
	(1) Pathogen derived resistance	(2) RNA silencing		
33.	B. Management of plant viruses is possible through			
66	(3) Streptomyces scabies	(4) Liberobacter asiatica		
	(1) Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens	(2) Pectobacterium carotovorum		
32.	32. Common scab of potato is caused by			
	(4) Plant Associated Nitrogen Fixing Bacteria			
	(3) Plant Growth-Promoting Bacteria			
	(2) Plant Pathogenic Bacteria			
	(1) Plant Symbiotic Bacteria	<i>y</i> ===		
31.		(3) HC-toxin (4) Tabtoxin		
	(1) Victorin (2) AM-toxin	(2) IIC.		
30	60 5000 PARE	(4) Hm1		
	(3) Cf9	(2) Xa21		
	(1) Sr33	resistant gene for a fungal pathogen?		
29	\$500	(4) None of the above		
	(3) Non - persistent	(2) Semi - persistent		
20	<ol> <li>The nature of Tobacco Mosaic Viru</li> <li>Persistent</li> </ol>	s is		
28	(3) Uncinula necator	(4) Plasmopara viticola		
	(1) Pythium aphanidermatum	(2) Albugo candida		
27	7. Which of the following fungus does <i>not</i> produce zoospore?			

35.	Pasteuria penetrans is a				
	(1) Bacterial biological control agent of root-knot nematodes				
	(2) Fungal biological control agent of ro	2) Fungal biological control agent of root-knot nematodes			
	(3) Protozoan biological control agent of root-knot nematodes				
	(4) Algal biological control agent of roo	t-knot nematode			
36.	<b>36.</b> In black stem rust ( <i>Puccinia graminis tritici</i> ) of wheat the following in strategy is observed				
	(1) Haploid basidiospore infect wheat,	dikaryotic aeciospores infect barberry			
	(2) Haploid acciospore infect wheat, dil	karyotic basidiospores infect barberry			
	(3) Haploid basidiospore infect barberr	y, dikaryotic aeciospores infect wheat			
	(4) Haploid teliospore infect wheat, dik	caryotic basidiospores infect barberry			
37.	The first fungal avirulence gene was iso	lated from			
	(1) Helminthosporium carbonum	(2) Helminthosporium victoriae			
	(2) Cladgengrium fulvum	(4) Phytophthora infestans			
38.	Planned geographical distribution of m	najor gene for race specific resistance to			
	a pathogen is known as				
	(1) Gene deployment	(2) Gene pyramiding			
	(3) Gene flow	(4) Genetic recombination			
39.	Tabtoxin produced by Pseudomonas s	syringae pv. tabaci targets inhibition of			
	enzyme				
	(1) Ornithine carbamoyl transferase				
	(2) Glutamine synthetase				
	(3) Succinate dehydrogenase				
(4) Phosphokinase  40. The family Geminiviridae does not contains the genus  (2) Curtovirus					
41	O. The family Geminivirus	(2) Curtovirus			
	(1) Mastrevirus (3) Caulimovirus	(4) Begomovirus			
	(3) Caumio				
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Attempt any five questions. Write answer in 150-200 words. Each question carries 16 marks. Answer each question on separate page, after writing Question Number.

1. Give a brief account of management of soil borne fungal pathogens. 2. Describe brieffy the disease cycle of Phytophthora infestans **3.** Write a short note of disease escape. 4. Give a general account of management of viral diseases 5. Write a short note of cell wall degrading enzymes produced by fungi. 6. Write a brief history on discovery of synthetic fungicides. 7. Give a brief account on host plant resistance against phytopathogens. Describe recent biotechnological interventions in plant disease management. 9. Give a brief account of biological management of plant diseases. 10. Give a brief account of phytoplasma and their management strategies.

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#### **FOR ROUGH WORK**

